

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

Summary

FEBRUARY 18, 2009

**Title I
Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration and Related
Agencies**

Department of Agriculture

**Agricultural Research Service
Buildings and Facilities
Funding: \$176 Million**

The conference agreement provides funding to address deferred maintenance of the USDA's laboratory and research infrastructure.

**Natural Resources Conservation Service
Watershed and Flood Prevention Operations
Funding: \$290 Million**

The conference agreement provides for \$145 million for purchasing and restoring floodplain easements and for conducting a floodplain restoration enrollment process that encompasses multiple regions of the country. Funding is for investment in both structural and non-structural watershed infrastructure improvements. According to the authorizing statute (16 U.S.C. 2203), the Secretary is authorized to undertake measures "including the purchase of floodplain easements, for runoff retardation and soil-erosion prevention, in cooperation with landowners and land users, as the Secretary deems necessary to safeguard lives and property from floods, drought, and the products of erosion on any watershed whenever fire, flood, or any other natural occurrence is causing or has caused a sudden impairment of that watershed." USDA is directed to complete existing infrastructure projects that have already initiated planning, design, or construction work.

**Natural Resources Conservation Service
Watershed Rehabilitation Program
Funding: \$50 Million**

The agency is directed to prioritize funding for projects that are at greatest risk of failure and is further directed to prioritize funding for projects that can obligate and expend funds both cost effectively and rapidly.

Rural Development

**Rural Housing Service
Rural Housing Insurance Program Account
Funding: \$200 Million**

The legislation provides for \$200 million to support direct and guaranteed single family housing loans under the Rural Housing Insurance Fund.

**Rural Housing Service
Rural Community Facilities Program
Funding: \$130 Million**

The legislation provides \$130 million for loans and grants for rural community facilities, including hospitals, health clinics, public buildings, child and elder care facilities, and health and safety vehicles and equipment.

**Rural Business Cooperative Service
Rural Business Program
Funding: \$150 Million**

The legislation provides for \$150 million for business and industry guaranteed loans to finance a broad range of activities in towns and cities with a population of less than 50,000.

**Rural Utilities Service
Rural Water and Waste Disposal Program
Funding: \$1.38 Billion**

The conference agreement provides \$1.38 billion for the rural water and waste direct loans and grants for water and waste disposal facilities in rural areas.

**Rural Utilities Service
Distance Learning, Telemedicine, and Broadband
Funding: \$2.5 Billion**

Funding will provide for distance learning, telemedicine, and broadband programs in rural areas. Funding will be through loans, loan guarantees, and grants. Priority is given to projects in which 75 percent of the project area is in a rural area without sufficient access to high-speed broadband service as well as to projects where the broadband systems will deliver end users a choice of more than one service provider. According to the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, eligible funding recipients include persons now providing or who may provide telephone service in rural areas, public bodies now providing telephone service in rural areas and cooperative, nonprofit, limited dividend, or mutual associations. The Secretary is required to submit a report on spending and actual obligations describing the use of these funds within 90 days of the date of enactment.

**Food and Nutrition Service
Child Nutrition Programs
Funding: \$100 Million**

The legislation provides funding to States for competitive grants to school food authorities based upon the need for equipment in schools where not less than 50 percent of the students are eligible for free or reduced meals. Grants would be used to purchase new equipment.

**Food and Nutrition Service
Women, Infants, and Children Program
Funding: \$500 Million**

The conference agreement provides for \$500 million, of which \$400 million will be placed in the WIC's contingency fund. The agreement also provides \$100 million from the total amount to help state agencies implement new or improve existing management information systems.

Title II
Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies

Department of Commerce

Economic Development Administration
Economic Development Assistance Program
Funding: \$150 Million

The conference agreement provides \$150 million to the Economic Development Assistance Program. According to the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965, the "Secretary [of Commerce] may make grants for development of public facilities, public services, business development (including funding of a revolving loan fund), planning, technical assistance, training, and any other assistance to alleviate long-term economic deterioration and sudden and severe economic dislocation" for communities injured by military base closures or realignments, disasters or emergencies, international trade, fishery failures, or the loss of manufacturing jobs. Of the \$150 million, \$50 million may be transferred to federally authorized economic development commissions, such as the Appalachian Regional Commission and Denali Commission. Furthermore, \$50 million is to be used for economic adjustment assistance. The Secretary of Commerce is required to give priority consideration to "areas that have experienced sudden and severe economic dislocation and job loss due to corporate restructuring." EDA may not use more than 2 percent of the total funds provided for "Salaries and Expenses."

National Telecommunications and Information Administration
Broadband Technology Opportunities Program
Funding: \$4.7 Billion

The conference agreement provides \$4.7 billion for NTIA's Broadband Technology Opportunities Program (TOP). Funding is available for the TOP until September 30, 2010. Of the \$4.7 billion, \$200 million is made available for competitive grants designed to accelerate broadband deployment in unserved and underserved areas. Of the total amount, \$250 million is available for competitive grants for innovative programs to encourage sustainable adoption of broadband service. Furthermore, \$350 million may be expended in accordance with the "Broadband Data Improvement Act" for the purposes of developing a broadband inventory map.

National Institute of Standards and Technology
Scientific and Technical Research and Services
Funding: \$220 Million

The conference agreement provides \$220 million for research, competitive grants, fellowships and advanced research and measurement equipment and supplies. NIST is further directed to create and test standards related to health security and interoperability.

**National Institute of Standards and Technology
Construction of Research Facilities
Funding: \$360 Million**

The agreement includes \$360 million to address NIST's backlog of renovation and maintenance projects as well as for new facilities and laboratories. Of the total amount, \$180 million shall be awarded for the fiscal year 2008 and 2009 competitive construction grant program for research science buildings.

Department of Justice

**State and Local Law Enforcement Activities
Violence Against Women Prevention and Prosecution Program
Funding: \$225 Million**

The act provides \$225 million for the Violence Against Women Prevention and Prosecution Program (grants) to be available until September 30, 2010. Of that figure, \$50 million shall be for transitional housing assistance grants for victims of domestic violence or sexual assault.

**Office of Justice Programs
State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance
Funding: \$2.765 Billion**

The conference agreement includes \$2.765 billion for the following state and local law enforcement assistance programs, available until September 30, 2010.

- \$2 billion for the Byrne-Justice Assistance grants, allocated by formula to state and local agencies to help prevent, fight and prosecute crime;
- \$225 million for the competitive Byrne grants to state and local non-profit organizations to prevent crime, which includes the mentoring of at-risk children and youth;
- \$125 million for grants to combat drug-related crime in rural areas. Grants will be competitively awarded for drug enforcement and other law enforcement activities, including the hiring of police officers;
- \$100 million for the Victims Compensation formula grants to support state compensation and assistance programs for victims of domestic violence, homicide, drunk driving, etc.
- \$50 million to assist state and local law enforcement agencies to fight internet crimes against children.

**Community Oriented Policing Services
COPS Hiring Grants
Funding: \$1 Billion**

The agreement provides \$1 billion in grants to state and local governments for the hiring of additional officers. Funding is available until September 30, 2010. The provision waives the \$75,000 per officer cap as well as the 25 percent local match requirement.

Science

National Aeronautics and Space Administration Science

Funding: \$400 Million

This provision provides \$400 million for NASA's science programs. Funding is included to accelerate the development of the tier 1 set of Earth science climate research missions and to increase the agency's supercomputing capabilities.

National Aeronautics and Space Administration Aeronautics

Funding: \$150 Million

The provided funding would support system-level research, development, and demonstration activities related to aviation safety, environmental impact mitigation, and the Next Generation Air Transportation System (NextGen).

National Aeronautics and Space Administration Exploration

Funding: \$400 Million

The conference agreement includes \$400 million for exploration, to remain available until September 30, 2010.

National Aeronautics and Space Administration Cross Agency Support Programs

Funding: \$50 Million

This provision provides for the restoration and mitigation of NASA owned infrastructure and facilities impacted by hurricanes, floods, and other natural disasters occurring in 2008.

National Science Foundation Research and Related Activities

Funding: \$2.5 Billion

The conference agreement provides \$300 million for the Major Research Instrumentation program, which assists with the acquisition and development of shared research instrumentation at institutions of higher education, science centers and non-profit organizations. In addition, this provision provides \$200 million for the facilities program covering physical and other sciences and engineering at institutions of higher education, science centers, and non-profit organizations. The conference agreement directs NSF to support advancements in supercomputing technology within the funds provided.

**National Science Foundation
Education and Human Resources
Funding: \$100 Million**

This provision provides \$60 million for the Robert Noyce Teacher Scholarship program that encourages science, technology, engineering and mathematics (STEM) majors and professions to become K-12 math and science teachers. The provision also includes \$25 million for the Math and Science Partnerships (competitive grant), which supports innovative partnerships to improve K-12 student achievement in math and science. The provision also includes \$15 million for the Professional Science Master's Programs.

**National Science Foundation
Major Research Equipment and Facilities Construction
Funding: \$400 Million**

The conference agreement provides \$400 million to accelerate the construction of major research equipment and facilities.

Title III
Department of Defense

Near Term Energy Efficiency Technology Demonstration and Research
Funding: \$300 million

This funding will be used for research, development, test, and evaluation projects (Army, Navy Air Force, and Defense-Wide), including pilot projects, demonstrations and energy efficient manufacturing enhancements. Funds are for improvements in energy generation and efficiency, transmission, regulation, storage, and for use on military installations and within operational forces, to include research and development of energy from fuel cells, wind, solar, and other renewable energy sources to include biofuels and bioenergy. The Secretary is required to provide a report to the congressional defense committees detailing the planned use of these funds within 60 days after enactment.

**Title IV
Energy and Water Development**

Corps of Engineers – Civil

**Department of the Army
Corps of Engineers
Funding: \$4.6 billion**

This funding will be used to accelerate ongoing work within the Corps, including Investigations (\$25 million), Construction (\$2 billion), and Operations and Maintenance (\$2.075 billion), as well as planning construction and operations and maintenance on the Mississippi River and Tributaries (\$375 million). Funds should be allocated to:

- (a) Programs, projects, or activities that can be obligated/executed quickly.
- (b) Programs, projects, or activities that will result in high, immediate employment.
- (c) Programs, projects, or activities that have little schedule risk.
- (d) Programs, projects, or activities that will be executed by contract or direct hire of temporary labor.
- (e) Programs, projects, or activities that will complete either a project phase, a project, or will provide a useful service that does not require additional funding.

Department of Energy

**Advanced Batteries and Components
Funding: \$2 billion**

This funding will provide grants for the manufacturing of advanced batteries and components. (Note: The Advanced Battery Loan Guarantee program was not included.) The Secretary shall provide facility funding to manufacturers of advanced battery systems and vehicle batteries that are produced in the U.S., including advanced lithium ion batteries, hybrid electrical systems, component manufacturers and software designers.

**Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Research Development, Demonstration, and Deployment
Funding: \$2.5 billion**

Applied research, development, demonstration, and deployment activities to include \$800 million for projects related to biomass and \$400 million for geothermal activities and projects.

**Energy Efficient Appliance Rebate Program and the Energy Star Program
Funding: \$300 million**

This funding will provide rebates for residential consumers for the purchase of residential Energy Star products to replace used appliances with more efficient models. Approximately 15 states have appliance rebate programs currently operating to incentivize the purchase

of energy efficient appliances. This program will add federal funds to increase the effectiveness of these programs and to encourage the remaining states to adopt similar programs.

Information and Communications Technology

Funding: \$50 million

This funding, within the Department's available funds, will be used to increase the efficiency of information and communications technology and improve standards.

Alternative Fueled Vehicles Pilot Grant Program

Funding: \$300 million

This funding will be used for grants to implement section 721 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 for acquisition and alternative fuel or fuel-cell vehicles, especially for transportation purposes.

Transportation Electrification

Funding: \$400 million

This funding will be used for grants to States under section 131 of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 to plan, develop, and demonstrate electrical infrastructure projects that encourage the use of plug-in electric drive vehicles and for near-term, large-scale electrification projects aimed at the transportation sector.

Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grants

Funding: \$3.2 billion

This funding will be used to provide Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grants for implementation of programs authorized under subtitle E of title V of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007. \$2.8 billion is available for award using the existing formula in subtitle E. The remaining \$400 million is to be awarded on a competitive basis to grant applicants.

State Energy Programs

Funding: \$3.1 billion

As a condition of receipt of grants, a Governor is required to notify the Secretary of Energy that the Governor has obtained certain assurances, regarding certain regulatory policies, building code requirements and the prioritization of existing state programs.

Weatherization Assistance Program
Funding: \$5.0 billion

This funding will be used for the Weatherization Assistance Program under part A of title IV of the Energy Conservation and Production Act. Changes contained in the General Provisions amend the income level percentage formula for determining the eligibility, increases the assistance level per dwelling unit, and increases the funding ceiling for worker training.

Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability
Funding: \$4.5 billion

Funding is provided for electricity delivery and energy reliability activities to modernize the electric grid, to include demand responsive equipment, enhance security and reliability of the energy infrastructure, energy storage research, development, demonstration and deployment, and facilitate recovery from disruptions to the energy supply, and for implementation of programs authorized under title XIII of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007.

- Within the appropriation, \$100 million shall be used for worker training.

Fossil Energy Research and Development Programs
Funding: \$1.0 billion

Funding is provided for fossil energy, coal technologies, carbon capture, coal mining technologies, oil and gas, oil and gas reservoirs, complex well technology testing, and methane hydrate R&D programs.

Near-Zero Emissions Power Plant(s)
Funding: \$2 billion

This funding will support one or more near-zero emissions power plant(s) designed to capture and sequester a high percentage of carbon dioxide.

Clean Coal Power Initiative Round III
Funding: \$800 million

This funding is available for selections under the Department's Clean Coal Power Initiative Round III Funding Opportunity Announcement.

Carbon Capture Demonstration
Funding: \$1.52 billion

This funding will be used for a competitive solicitation for a range of industrial carbon capture and energy efficiency improvement projects, including a small allocation for innovative concepts for beneficial CO₂ reuse.

Carbon Dioxide Sequestration
Funding: \$50 million

This funding will be used for a competitive solicitation for site characterization activities in geologic formations.

Geological Sequestration
Funding: \$20 million

This funding will be used to carry out the geologic sequestration training and research grant program authorized in section 705(of Public Law 110-140).

Non-Defense Environmental Cleanup
Funding: \$483 million

Funding is to be applied to projects of limited duration at the various cleanup sites for which the objective is primarily to decrease the overall site footprint and reduce recurring annual costs.

Uranium Enrichment Decontamination and Decommissioning Fund
Funding: \$390 million

Funding is to be applied to projects of limited duration at the various cleanup sites for which the objective is primarily to decrease the overall site footprint and reduce recurring annual costs, including:

- \$70 million is provided for the title X uranium and thorium program.

Science
Funding: \$2.0 billion

Funding includes:

- \$1.6 billion for the Science program; and
- \$400 million for the Advanced Research Projects Agency-Energy authorized under section 5012 of the America COMPETES Act.

Temporary Program for Rapid Deployment of Renewable Energy and Electric Transmission Projects - Innovative Technology Loan Guarantee Program
Funding: \$6.0 billion

This funding will pay for the costs of guarantees made under this section for renewable technologies and transmission technologies. This includes renewable energy systems such as incremental hydropower; electric power transmission systems; and leading-edge biofuels projects at the pilot or demonstration scale. Funding is provided to remain available until expended for loan guarantees to standard renewable projects such as wind or solar projects and for electricity transmission projects.

- The \$6.0 billion provided is expected to support more than \$60 billion in loans for these projects.
- \$10 million is provided for administrative expenses to support the Advanced Technology Vehicle Manufacturing Loan Program.

Environmental and Other Defense activities

Defense Environmental Cleanup

Funding: \$5.127 billion

Funding is to be applied to projects of limited duration at the various cleanup sites for which the objective is primarily to decrease the overall site footprint and reduce recurring annual costs.

Construction, Rehabilitation, Operation, and Maintenance

Western Area Power Administration

Funding: \$10 million

Funding is to remain available until expended, for start-up expenses incurred in implementing the authority granted by section 402 of this act. This appropriation is non-reimbursable.

General Provisions

- **SEC. 403.** Amendments to title XIII of EISA to provide financial support to smart grid demonstration projects including those in rural, urban, suburban, and tribal areas including areas where electric system assets are controlled by nonprofit entities and areas where electric system assets are controlled by investor owned utilities.
- **SEC. 404.** Amendment to title XVII of EISA creating a temporary loan guarantee program for the rapid deployment of renewable energy and electric power transmission projects.
- **SEC. 405.** Amends the Weatherization Assistance Program for the income level percentage formula for determining and expanding the eligibility of this program, increases the funding assistance level per dwelling unit, and increases the funding ceiling for worker training.
- **SEC. 406.** To re-designate two paragraphs of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 related to smart grid investment and information requirements.

Title V
Financial Services and General Government

Community Development Financial Institutions
Fund Program Account
Funding: \$100 million

Funding is provided for qualified applicants (to remain available until Sept. 2010) under the fiscal year 2009 funding round of the program:

- Up to \$8 million may be for financial assistance, technical assistance, training and outreach program designed to benefit Native American, Native Hawaiian, and Alaskan Native communities and provided through qualified community development lender organizations
- No awardee may be granted more than 5% of the aggregate finds available during FY09

Internal Revenue Service
Health Insurance Tax Credit Administration
Funding: \$80 million

Funding is provided to implement the health insurance tax credit under the TAA Health Coverage Improvement Act of 2009.

General Services Administration
Federal Buildings Fund
Funding: \$5.55 billion

Allocations are as follows:

- \$750 million for Federal buildings and U.S. courthouses
- \$300 million for border stations and land ports of entry
- \$4.5 billion to convert GSA facilities to High Performance Green Buildings

Specific stipulations include:

- \$108 million can be expended for temporary rental space
- \$127 million may be utilized for building operations or administrative costs
- \$3 million for on-the-job training programs registered with the Dept. of Labor for the construction, repair, and alteration of Federal buildings
- At least \$5 billion must be obligated by September 30, 2010 and the remainder of which must be obligated by September 30, 2011

**Energy Efficient Federal Motor Vehicle Fleet Procurement
\$300 million**

Funding is provided to for the purchase of motor vehicles with higher fuel economy, including hybrid vehicles, electric vehicles and commercially available, plug-in hybrid vehicles.

**Small Business Administration
Funding: \$69 million**

Allocations are as follows:

- \$24 million for marketing, management and technical assistance by the intermediaries that make microloans under the microloan program
- \$20 million for improving, streamlining and automating information technology systems related to lender processes and lender oversight

**Small Business Administration
Surety Bond Guarantee Revolving Fund
Funding: \$15 million**

Funding is allocated for additional capital for the Surety Bond Guarantees Revolving Fund, authorized by the Small Business Investment Act of 1958. The Surety Bond Guarantee Revolving Fund provides small and minority contractors with contracting opportunities for which they could not otherwise compete.

**Small Business Administration
Administrative Provisions – Fee Reductions
Funding: \$375 million**

Funding is allocated to provide for the elimination or cost reductions of fees associated with loan guarantees for which the application is approved on or after the date of enactment.

**Small Business Administration
Business Stabilization Program
Funding: \$255 million**

Funding is to provide loans on a deferred basis to viable small business concerns that have a qualifying small business loan and are experiencing immediate financial hardship.

Title VI
Department of Homeland Security

Office of the Under Secretary for Management
Funding: \$200 million

Funding for the consolidation of DHS headquarters. Fund may be utilized for planning, design, construction costs, site security, information technology infrastructure, fixtures and related costs.

U.S. Customs and Border Protection
Salaries and Expenses
Funding: \$160 Million

Funding for U.S. Customs and Borders Protection (CBP) salaries and expenses.
Allocations include:

- \$100 million for the procurement and deployment of non-intrusive inspection systems to improve port security; of which \$60 million will be for procurement and deployment of tactical communications equipment and radios
- \$60 million for procurement and deployment of tactical communications equipment and radios.

U.S. Customs and Border Protection
Border Fencing, Infrastructure and Technology
Funding: \$100 Million

Funding for expedited development and deployment of border security technology on the Southwest border.

U.S. Customs and Border Protection
Construction
Funding: \$420 Million

Funding to be used to construct, alter, enhance, expand, repair and/or improve CBP-owned land border ports of entry.

U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement
Automation Modernization
Funding: \$20 million

Funds are for the procurement and deployment of tactical communications equipment and radios.

**Transportation Security Administration
Aviation Security
Funding: \$1 billion**

Funds are for the procurement and installation of checked baggage explosives detection systems and checkpoint explosives detection equipment. Awards will be prioritized to accelerate the installations at locations with completed design plans.

**Coast Guard
Acquisition, Construction and Improvements
Funding: \$98 million**

Funds are for shore and navigation facilities; priority procurements due to materials and labor cost increases; and for costs to repair, renovate, assess or improve vessels.

**Coast Guard
Alteration of Bridges
Funding: \$142 million**

Funding is for alteration or removal of obstructive bridges pursuant to the Truman-Hobbs Act. Coast Guard will award funds to bridges that are ready to proceed to construction.

**Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)
State and Local Programs
Funding: \$300 million**

Funding for grants to State and Local governments to modify and upgrade infrastructure assets. The cost share requirements will be waived. Priority will be given to construction projects which address the most significant risks.

Allocations include:

- **\$150 million for Public Transportation Security and Railroad Security Assistance under sections 1406 and 1513 of the Implementing Recommendations of the 9/11 Commission Act of 2007.**
 - **Section 1406:** Eligibility for grants under this program is restricted to those agencies for which DHS has performed a security assessment or those that have developed a security plan; Funds may be used for either capital or operating security enhancements, with lengthy list of possible actions; DHS must also determine grant recipients “based solely on risk” and establish the priorities for use of the grants.
 - **Section 1513:** Funds are to be awarded based on risk and in accordance with plans required and other assessments or plans deemed sufficient by DHS. Grants are to railroad carriers, the Alaska Railroad, shippers of security sensitive materials by rail, owners of rail cars used to transport security sensitive materials, State and local governments, and Amtrak for security improvements. Grants may be used for wide ranging security purposes, including security for critical communications, computer, and train control systems; railroad cargo or

passenger inspection facilities; sharing of intelligence; hiring and training police and security officers; surveillance equipment; operating and capital costs for training; and many more eligible uses.

- \$150 million for Port Security Grants (PSG)
 - PSG is a grant program that provides to implement Area Maritime Transportation Security Plans and facility security plans.

FEMA

Firefighter Assistance Grants

Funding: \$210 million

Funding for competitive grants for modifying, upgrading or constructing non-Federal fire stations. No one grant can exceed \$15 million.

FEMA

Emergency Food and Shelter

Funding: \$100 million

Funding to carry out the emergency food and shelter program pursuant to Emergency Food and Shelter Program which provides emergency aid for people.

FEMA

Disaster Assistance Direct Loan Program Account

Allowing loans related to calendar year 2008 disasters to exceed \$5 million and equal to not more than 50% of the operating budget of local governments if that local government has suffered a loss of 25% or more in tax revenues.

Title VII
Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies

Department of the Interior

Department of the Interior
Bureau of Land Management
Funding: \$125 Million

Funding for activities on all Bureau of Land Management lands including maintenance, rehabilitation, and restoration of facilities, property, trails and lands for remediation of abandoned mines and wells.

Department of the Interior
Construction
Funding: \$180 Million

Funding for activities on all Bureau of Land Management lands including construction, reconstruction, decommissioning and repair of roads, bridges, trails, property and facilities and for energy efficient retrofits of existing buildings.

Department of the Interior
Wildland Fire Management
Funding: \$15 Million

Funding for hazardous fuels reduction.

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
Resource Management
Funding: \$165 Million

Funding for deferred maintenance, construction, and capital improvement projects on national wildlife refuges and national fish hatcheries and for high priority habitat restoration projects.

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
Construction
Funding: \$115 Million

Funds for construction, reconstruction, and repair of roads, bridges, property, and facilities and for energy efficient retrofits of existing facilities.

**National Park Service (NPS)
Operation of the National Park System
Funding: \$146 Million**

Funding for deferred maintenance of facilities and trails and for other critical repair and rehabilitation projects.

**National Park Service
Historic Preservation Fund
Funding: \$15 Million**

Funding for historic preservation projects at historically black colleges and universities as authorized by the Historic Preservation Fund Act of 1996 and the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Act of 1996. Any matching requirements for such projects are waived.

**National Park Service
Construction
Funding: \$589 Million**

Funding for repair and restoration of roads, construction of facilities, including energy efficient retrofits of existing facilities, equipment replacement, preservation and repair of historical resources within the Nation park System; cleanup of abandoned mine sites on park lands, and other critical infrastructure projects.

**U.S. Geological Survey
Surveys, Investigations and Research
Funding: \$140 Million**

Funding for repair, restoration and construction of facilities, equipment replacement and upgrades including stream gages, and seismic and volcano monitoring systems; national map activities and other critical deferred maintenance and improvement of projects.

**Bureau of Indian Affairs
Operation of Indian Programs
Funding: \$40 Million**

Funding for workforce training programs and the housing improvement program.

**Bureau of Indian Affairs
Construction
Funding: \$450 Million**

Funding for repair and restoration of roads, replacement school construction, school improvements and repairs, and detention center maintenance and repairs.

**Bureau of Indian Affairs
Loan Program Account
Funding: \$10 Million**

Funding for the Indian Guaranteed Loan Program.

**Environmental Protection Agency
Hazardous Substance Superfund
Funding: \$600 Million**

Funds for Hazardous Substance Superfund.

**Environmental Protection Agency
Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund Program
Funding: \$200 Million**

Funds for cleanup activities authorized by sections 9003(h) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act. The bill waives the state matching requirements.

**Environmental Protection Agency
State and Tribal Assistance Grants
Funding: \$6.4 Billion**

Allocations as follows (funds are not subject to matching or cost share requirements):

- \$4 billion for capitalization grants for the Clean Water State Revolving Funds under title VI of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Priority will be given to projects that are ready on a State priority list that are ready to proceed to construction within 12 months.)
 - No less than 20% shall be for projects to address green infrastructure, water or energy efficiency improvements or other environmentally innovative activities.
- \$2 billion capitalization grants under section 1452 of the Safe Drinking Water Act. (Priority will be given to projects that are ready on a State priority list that are ready to proceed to construction within 12 months.)
- \$100 million to carry out Brownfields (waives cost share)
- \$300 million for Diesel Emission Reduction Act

**Department of Agriculture
Forest Service – Capital Improvement and Maintenance
Funding: \$650 Million**

Funds are for priority road, bridge and trail maintenance and decommissioning, including related watershed restoration and ecosystem enhancement projects, facilities improvement, maintenance and renovation, remediation of abandoned mine sites; and support costs necessary to carry out this work.

**Department of Agriculture
Wildland Fire Management
Funding: \$500 Million**

Funds for programs for hazardous fuels reduction and hazard mitigation activities.
Allocations are as follows:

- \$250 million for hazardous fuels reduction, forest health protection, rehabilitation and hazard mitigation activities on Federal lands
- \$250 million for State and private forestry activities including hazardous fuels reduction, forest health and ecosystem improvement activities on State and private lands

**Department of Health and Human Services
Indian Health Services
Funding: \$135 Million**

Funds will be allocated as follows (not subject to matching requirements):

- \$50 million for additional services under the Contract Health Service program
- \$85 million for health information technology activities
- Up to \$50 million may be used for wood-to-energy grants to promote increase utilization of biomass from Federal, State and private lands

**Department of Health and Human Services
Indian Health Services
Funding: \$85 Million**

Funds is for health information technology activities. Funds may be used for both telehealth services development and related infrastructure requirements that are typically funded through the Indian Health Facilities account.

**Department of Health and Human Services
Indian Health Facilities
Funding: \$415 Million**

Funds is for facilities construction projects, deferred maintenance and improvement projects and the backlog of sanitation projects and the purchase of equipment. Funding will be allocated as follows:

- \$227 million for the completion of up to two facilities from the current priority list for which work has already been initiated.

**Smithsonian Institution
Facilities Capital
Funding: \$25 Million**

Funds is for repair and revitalization of existing facilities.

**National Endowment for the Arts
Grants and Administration
Funding: \$50 Million**

Funds is to be distributed in direct grants to fund arts projects and activities which preserve jobs in the non-profit arts sector threatened by declines in philanthropic and other support during the current economic downturn. Of which, 40% of funds will be distributed to State art agencies and regional arts organizations in a manner similar to the agency's current practice and 60% of funds for competitively selected arts projects and activities.

Environmental Protection Agency

**Leaking Underground Storage Program
Funding: \$200 million**

Funding is to be used for cleanup activities through grants with cost-sharing waived.

**State and Tribal Assistance Grants, Diesel Emissions Reduction
Funding: \$300 million**

Funding is to be used for diesel emission reductions grants to states and tribal authorities.

**Clean Water State Revolving Fund
Funding: \$4 billion**

Funding is to be used for the Clean Water State Revolving Fund. Priority funds are designated for projects ready to proceed to construction within 12 months of enactment. Funds will be provided through capitalization grants.

**Drinking Water State Revolving Fund
Funding: \$2 billion**

Funding is to be used for the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund. Priority funds are designated for projects ready to proceed to construction within 12 months of enactment. Funds will be provided through capitalization grants.

**Hazardous Substance Superfund
Funding: \$600 million**

Funding is to be used to address uncontrolled releases from hazardous and toxic waste sites that threaten human health and the environment.

**State and Tribal Assistance Grants, Brownfields Cleanup
Funding: \$100 million**

Funding is to be used for remediation, which will be provided through grants to states and tribal authorities.

Title VIII
Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies

Department of Labor

Workforce Investment Act
Training and Employment Services
Funding: \$3.95 billion

Formula fund programs, available within 30 days of enactment, include:

- \$500 million for States for adult employment and training activities (priority is given to recipients of public assistance and other low-income individuals for intensive services and training services);
- \$1.2 billion for States for youth activities, including summer jobs for youth. Youth are redefined to include individuals up to the age of 24.
- \$1.25 billion for States for training and reemployment services for dislocated workers.

Formula funds are meant to be spent quickly and will only be available to States as long as the other funds allocated for program year 2008.

Discretionary funding is available for the following:

- \$200 million is set aside as a reserve for national emergency grants for dislocated workers to respond to plant closings, mass layoffs, and other worker dislocations;
- \$50 million for YouthBuild. For program years 2008 and 2009, the program may serve individuals who have dropped out of high school and re-enrolled in alternative school;
- \$750 million for a program of competitive grants for worker training in high growth and emerging industry sectors. \$500 million is reserved for research, labor exchange, and job training projects that prepare workers for careers in energy efficiency and renewable energy. For the balance of the funds, priority is given to projects that prepare workers for careers in health care. The conferees also value training for wireless and broadband deployment, along with advanced manufacturing.

Funds for Training and Employment Services is available through June 30, 2010. Local WIBs may award contract to institutions of higher education if it would facilitate the training of multiple individuals in high-demand occupations.

Community Service Employment for Older Americans
Funding: \$120 million

The Community Service Employment for Older Americans program provides grants to public and private nonprofit organizations in order to subsidize part-time work in

community service for low-income seniors. The \$120 million will be allotted within 30 days to current grantees in proportion to their 2008 allotments. Funds are available until June 30, 2010.

State Unemployment Service and Reemployment Service Operations

Funding: \$400 million

State Employment Service agencies provide services to match unemployed individuals to job openings. Of the total amount, \$250 million is designated for Reemployment Service Grants to be used by States for reemployment services for unemployment insurance claimants. The funds will be available to States on the date of enactment and remain available until September 30, 2010, and will be allocated by the existing Wagner-Peyser formula.

Job Corps Modernization

Funding: \$250 million

Funds are targeted for the construction, rehabilitation, and acquisition of Job Corps centers. Up to 15 percent of funds are available for the operational needs of Job Corps, including activities to provide additional training for careers in the energy efficiency, renewable energy, and environmental protection industries. Funds are available upon the date of enactment and shall remain available until June 30, 2010.

Health and Human Services

Health Resources and Services

Funding: \$2.5 billion

Funding is divided as follows:

- \$500 million for grants to health centers. These funds are to be used to support new sites and service areas, increase services at existing sites, and provide supplemental payments for spikes in uninsured populations. Grants for new sites and service areas are to be two years in length. Consideration should be given to unfunded but approved community health care applications;
- \$1.5 billion for grants to health centers for construction, renovation, and equipment, and for the acquisition of health information technology systems; and
- \$500 million to address health professions workforce shortages.
 - \$300 million is allocated for National Health Service Corps recruitment and field activities, with \$75 million reserved until September 30, 2011 for scholarships, loan repayments, and grants to training programs for equipment; 20% of this funding is for NHSC field operations.
 - The remaining \$200 million is allocated for all the disciplines trained through a primary care medicine and dentistry program, a public health and preventive medicine program, and a scholarship and loan repayment program, and grants to training programs for equipment. Funds can also be used to foster cross-State licensing agreements.

The HHS Secretary must submit a plan to Congress within 90 days of enactment that details the activities being supported by these funds and expenditure timelines.

**National Institutes of Health
National Center for Research Resources**

Funding: \$1.3 billion

- \$1 billion is for grants or contracts to construct, renovate, or repair existing non-Federal research facilities; non-Federal match requirements are waived;
- \$300 million will be used to provide shared instrumentation and other capital research equipment to recipients of grants and contracts under section 481A of the Public Health Service Act.

Priority will be given to those applications that will generate demonstrable energy saving or beneficial environmental effects.

**National Institutes of Health
Office of the Director
Funding: \$8.2 billion**

- \$7.4 billion will be transferred to the Institutes and Centers of the National Institutes of Health and the Common Fund in proportions similar to FY 2009 appropriations to support scientific research.
 - \$400 million is to carry out the flexible research authority authorized in section 215 of division G of PL 110-161 (FY 2009 continuing resolution).
- The remaining \$800 million shall be used for purposes that can be completed within 2 years, with priority given to short-term grants that focus on specific scientific challenges, new research that expands the scope of ongoing projects, and research on public and international health priorities.

Funds are not subject to Small Business Innovation Research and Small Business Technology Transfer set-aside requirements.

**National Institutes of Health
Buildings and Facilities
Funding: \$500 million**

Funds are available through September 30, 2010 to fund high-priority repair, construction and improvement projects for NIH facilities.

**Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality
Healthcare Research and Quality
Funding: \$1.1 billion**

Funds are available for comparative effectiveness research. AHQC will control \$300 million; \$400 million shall be transferred to the Office of the Director of NIH to conduct or support comparative effectiveness research. In addition, \$400 million will be allocated to

the Secretary of HHS to accelerate the development and dissemination of research assessing the comparative effectiveness of health care treatments and strategies and encourage electric health data and data networks; of these funds, \$1.5 million will be used to produce a report for Congress (due by June 30, 2009) on recommendations for national priorities for comparative effectiveness research that will be conducted or supported by these funds.

Administration for Children and Families

Payments to States for the Child Care and Development Block Grant

Funding: \$2 billion

Funds are available through September 30, 2010, and shall be used to supplement, not supplant State general revenue funds for child care assistance. \$255,186,000 shall be reserved by States for quality improvement activities; of these funds, \$93.6 million is reserved for activities that improve the quality of infant and toddler care.

Administration for Children and Families

Children and Families Services Program

Funding: \$3.15 billion

- \$1 billion is allocated for the Head Start program, to be allocated according to the current statutory formula;
- \$1.1 billion is for the expansion of the Early Head Start program. Funds are to be awarded on a competitive basis. Up to 10 percent of the funds are available for the provision of training and technical assistance.
- \$1 billion for the Community Services Block Grant to allow local community action agencies provide services for low-income communities and families, such as housing and mortgage counseling, jobs skills training, food pantry assistance, case managements services, and outreach and benefit enrollment assistance. Up to 1% of each State's funds is to be used for benefits enrollment coordination activities related to the identification and enrollment of eligible individuals and families. For the purposes of this funding for 2009 and 2010, the poverty line is moved from 125 percent of the official poverty line to 200%.
- \$50 million is provided for a new initiative authorized section 1110 of the Social Security Act to award capacity building grants directly to nonprofit organizations. The funding is expected to expand the delivery of social services to individuals and communities affected by the economic downturn. Section 1110 authorizes grants, contracts, and joint agreements with States and public and other organizations and agencies for paying part of the cost of research or demonstration projects such as those relating to the prevention and reduction of dependency, or which will aid in effecting coordination of planning between private and public welfare agencies or which will help improve the administration and effectiveness of programs.

**Administration on Aging
Aging Services Program
Funding: \$100 million**

Funds are provided for senior meal programs. \$65 million is for Congregate Nutrition Services; \$32 million is for Home-Delivered Nutrition Services; and \$3 million is for Nutrition Services for Native Americans. Funds are available upon enactment.

**Office of the Secretary
Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology
Funding: \$2 billion**

\$20 million will be transferred to NIST for continued work on advancing health care information enterprise integration. \$300 million will support regional or sub-national efforts toward health information exchange. All funds are available for obligation once HHS submits an annual operating plan to Congress; the 2009 operating plan is due within 90 days of enactment.

**Public Health and Social Services Emergency Fund
Funding: \$50 million**

Funds are reserved to improve information technology security at HHS.

**Public Health and Social Services Emergency Fund
Funding: \$1 billion**

Funds are available for a program of grants, contracts, and cooperative agreements to fund projects and activities to reduce the incidence or severity of preventable disabilities, diseases, and conditions, and to invest in health workforce training. Funds shall be allocated as follows:

- \$300 million shall be transferred to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention to carry out the section 317 immunization program;
- \$650 million to carry out evidence-based clinical and community-based prevention and wellness strategies that deliver specific, measurable health outcomes that address chronic disease rates;
- \$50 million will be provided to States to implement healthcare-associated infections reduction strategies.

HHS must submit to Congress an operating plan for the Prevention and Wellness Fund before funds are obligated and within 90 days of enactment.

Education for the Disadvantaged

Funding: \$13 billion

This funding will be divided into several categories of grants.

- \$5 billion for targeted grants to local education agencies
- \$5 billion will be for education finance incentive grants based on the number of children a school system has
- \$3 billion will be used for school improvement grants

Impact Aid

Funding: \$100 million

Impact aid is available to school districts for emergency school repairs and modernization construction. Funds must be matched at 50%.

School Improvement Programs

Funding: \$720 million

Funding will provide grants to State education agencies for developing technologically oriented curricula, acquiring new technologies, and providing technology-based professional development to teachers.

- \$650 million will be available to all State education agencies
- \$70 million will be available in grants directly proportional to the number of homeless students the state and local education agencies are servicing.

Innovation and Improvement

Funding: \$200 million

The fund for the improvement of education will be distributed through competitive grants to local education agencies in high-need areas. Grantees must evaluate classroom gains from the program throughout the year and must provide educators with incentives to take on additional responsibilities. 5% of the funding can be used for logistical activities. A portion of this funding must also be used by the Institute of Education Sciences for an impact study on the program.

Special Education

Funding: \$12.2 billion

States will receive grants to go towards special education and disability services.

- \$11.3 billion must be used for direct services, paperwork reduction activities, mental health and behavioral services, improvement of technology services for the disabled, programs to prepare disabled students for postsecondary education, to hire new faculty and support staff pertaining to special ed, to improve the delivery of special ed services, to develop and improve programming for students in state programs, and to assess and improve existing programs.

- \$400 million is for grants to states to provide special education to children 3-5 years old with disabilities
- \$500 million is for States to provide services to at-risk infants or toddlers - children under 3 years of age who would be at risk of experiencing a substantial developmental delay if early intervention services were not provided to the individual.

Rehabilitation Services and Disability Research

Funding: \$680 million

Each state will get money to support programs for individuals with disabilities to help them become more independent and empowered and able to live on their own.

- \$540 million is available for vocational rehabilitation services
- \$140 million is available for programs aiding the disabled in living independently and being more self-reliant
- \$18.2 million is for State grants
- \$87.5 million is for independent living center grants
- \$34.3 million is for services for older blind individuals

Student Financial Assistance

Funding: \$15.84 billion

This program will provide additional funding for Student Financial Assistance which provides Pell grants to students attending institutes of higher education and work-study programs.

- \$15.64 billion will go to student grants.
- \$18.2 million will go to grants for work-study programs.
- The maximum amount for Pell Grants will be \$4,860 for 2009-2010.

Student Aid Administration

Funding: \$60 million

Funding will go towards Pell Grants and other financial aid grants, family education loans, federal work-study programs, the William D. Ford Federal Direct loan program, and the Federal Perkins Loan Program.

Higher Education

Funding: \$100 million

The target of the Higher Education clause of the Stimulus is teacher quality. Institutes that train teachers can apply for competitive grants to aid. The purposes of this part are to improve student achievement; improve the quality of prospective and new teachers by improving the preparation of prospective teachers and enhancing professional development activities for new teachers; hold teacher preparation programs at institutions of higher education accountable for preparing highly qualified teachers; and recruit highly

qualified individuals, including minorities and individuals from other occupations, into the teaching force.

Institute of Education Sciences

Funding: \$250 million

This funding is to be used for grants for Statewide Data Systems to efficiently and accurately manage, analyze, disaggregate, and use individual student data.

Related Agencies

Corporation for National and Community Service

Operating Expenses

Funding: \$160 million

Funding will go to existing programs under the Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1970 (which established VISTA) and the Community Service Act of 1990 (which established AmeriCorps). Funding will be distributed through the existing programs.

- \$89 million will go to existing AmeriCorps grantees
- \$6 million will go towards upgrading information technology
- \$65 million will go to VISTA programs

National Service Trust

Funding: \$40 million

The National Service Trust funds AmeriCorps grants to institutes of higher education for their involvement in the AmeriCorps program. It also funds education loans of AmeriCorps volunteers. The additional funding goes to support this existing program.

Social Security Administration

Funding: \$1 billion

This funding will help modernize and make more efficient the SSA.

- \$500 million will replace the National Computer Center and make IT costs more efficient.
- \$500 million will go to making the processing of social security forms more efficient. This includes acquiring and updating information technologies.
 - \$40 million of this may be used to adopt electronic medical records.

Title XII
Transportation, Housing and Urban Development

Department of Transportation

Competitive Grants for Transportation

(Supplemental Discretionary Grants for a National Transportation System Program - Multi Modal)

Funding: \$1.5 billion

Funds will be used to award grants on a competitive basis for projects across all surface transportation modes that will have a significant impact on the nation, a metropolitan area or a region. Provisions require the Secretary to ensure an equitable geographic distribution of funds and an appropriate balance in addressing the needs of urban and rural communities. Awards will range from \$20 million to \$300 million for highways, bridges, public transportation (including New Starts and Small Starts), port infrastructure and freight rail projects. The Secretary may waive the \$20 million minimum requirement for projects in small communities. No more than 20% of total funds may be spent in one state. The DOT will issue a request for proposals and guidance within 90 days. Grants under the program must be submitted within 180 days. Grants will be awarded within one year of the bill's enactment. The federal share for these grants is 100%.

Grants-in-Aid for Airports

Funding: \$1.1 billion

Funds will be used by the FAA to provide discretionary airport grants to repair and improve critical infrastructure at airports. These investments will serve to provide important safety and capacity benefits.

Highway Infrastructure Investment

Funding: \$27.5 billion

Funds are distributed by formula (50% will be distributed through the STP program and 50% will be distributed based on the obligation limitation ratio from the FY08 appropriations bill). Approximately 30% of funds will be suballocated to urbanized areas and are eligible for transit. (Transit and passenger rail projects are eligible uses for 100% of the highway funds distributed to the states or metropolitan areas.) \$60 million is set aside for the Ferryboat discretionary program. Set asides are also provided for: management and oversight; park roads and parkways; forest highways; refuge roads; on-the-job training programs focused on minorities, women, and the socially and economically disadvantaged; a bonding assistance program for minority and disadvantaged businesses; and environmentally friendly transportation enhancements.

Capital Assistance for High Speed Rail and Intercity Passenger Rail Service \$9.3 billion (\$1.3 billion to Amtrak)

The remaining \$8 billion is provided for the development of intercity and high speed passenger rail. The Secretary has flexibility in allocating resources between the programs to advance the goal of deploying intercity high speed rail systems in the US. Grants will be distributed under the Intercity Passenger Rail Grants to States and the High Speed Corridors grant program. The legislation does not specify the distribution among the two programs, but does note that a priority shall be given to high speed rail projects. The FRA must issue a strategic plan for funds within 60 days of enactment and issue a program guidance within 180 days. There is up to a 100% federal share for these grants.

Transit Capital Assistance Funding: \$6.9 billion

Within this funding:

- 80% will be distributed to Urbanized Area Formula Grants (section 5307)- \$5.52 billion
- 10% will be distributed by Rural Area Formula Grants (Section 5311)- \$690 million
- 10% will be distributed by Growing States and High Density Formula Grants- (Section 5340)- \$690 million

This funding must be apportioned within 21 days of enactment. "Use it or lose it" provision applies (50% of funds not obligated within 180 days will be redistributed to recipients who successfully obligated their funds; remaining funds not obligated within 1 year will be redistributed to recipients who successfully obligated apportionment). The Secretary may provide for obligation extensions in extenuating circumstances. Funds are available until 9/30/2010.

- \$100 million is provided for discretionary grants to public transit agencies to reduce energy consumption or greenhouse gas emissions;

The FTA will publish guidance with program details and instructions on how to apply for these funds. Within twenty days after enactment of the Recovery Act, the DOT send the formal funding opportunity announcement to Grants.gov. Information about specific requirements (use of funds, certification, data reporting, performance measures, etc.) will in the full funding announcement. The full announcement will be posted within thirty days of enactment.

Fixed Guideway Infrastructure Investment Funding: \$750 million

These funds will be distributed through an existing authorized formula for capital projects to modernize or improve existing fixed guideway systems, including purchase and rehabilitation of rolling stock, track, equipment and facilities. Funding must be apportioned within 21 days of enactment. Funds will be distributed under the first four tiers of the current formula. The "Use it or lose it" provision applies (50% of funds not obligated within 180 days redistributed to recipients who have successfully obligated their

apportionment; remaining funds not obligated within 1 year redistributed to recipients who have successfully obligated their apportionment). The Secretary may provide obligation extension for extenuating circumstances. The federal share for these funds is 100%. Funds will remain available until 9/30/10.

Capital Investment Grants (New Starts Program)

Funding: \$750 million

Discretionary grants will be competitively awarded by Department of Transportation. Within twenty (20) days after enactment of the Recovery Act, DOT will post the funding opportunity on grants.gov. Information about specific requirements (use of funds, certification, data reporting, performance measures, etc.) will be in the full funding announcement. The full announcement will be posted within thirty (30) days of enactment. The legislation directs that priority will be given to projects that are currently in construction or are able to obligate funds within 150 days of enactment. The federal share would be consistent with existing Full Funding Grant Agreements and for new projects that could be initiated within the time limits at up to an 80% federal match. Funds will remain available until 9/30/10.

Department of Housing and Urban Development

Public Housing Capital Fund

Funding: \$4 billion

This funding will assist public housing authorities in rehabilitating and retrofitting public housing units, including increasing the energy efficiency of units and making critical safety repairs. Of the funding provided:

- \$3 billion will be distributed to public housing authorities through the existing formula
- \$1 billion will be awarded through a competitive process

Community Development Fund

Funding: \$3 billion

- \$1 billion is provided for CDBG
- \$2 billion is for the Neighborhood Stabilization Program. This competitive grant program will assist states, local governments and non-profits in the purchase of rehabilitation of foreclosed, vacant properties in order to create more affordable housing and reduce neighborhood blight.

HOME Investment Partnership Program
Funding: \$2.25 billion

Funds are provided to coordinate with the Low Income Housing Tax Credit to fill financing gaps caused by the collapse of the tax credit market and to jumpstart stalled housing development projects.

Homelessness Prevention Fund
Funding: \$1.5 billion

Funding will provide short term rental assistance, housing relocation, and stabilization services for families who may become homeless due to the economic crisis. Funds are distributed by formula.

Assisted Housing Stability and Green Retrofit Investments
Funding: \$2.25 billion

- \$2 billion will provide full-year payments to landlords participating in the Section 8 Project-Based program
- \$250 million will support a program to upgrade HUD sponsored low-income housing to increase energy efficiency, including new insulation, windows and furnaces

Office of Lead Hazard Control and Healthy Homes
Funding: \$100 million

Funding is provided for competitive grants to local governments and nonprofit organizations to remove lead-based paint hazards in low-income housing. Projects that were highly rated in 2008 competitions but were not funded due to constrained resources will be the focus of this funding to ensure that funds are spent quickly and effectively.

Title XIV State Fiscal Stabilization

State Fiscal Stabilization Fund Funding: \$53.6 billion

This fund is broken up into several parts:

- **\$268 million for outlying areas**
 - **81.8% of this funding shall be used for public safety and other government services including assistance to schools, modernization, renovation and repair, and making buildings green.**
- **\$14 million for administration and oversight**
- **\$5 billion for state incentive grants to be subgranted to local education agencies and innovation fund awards for local education agencies and/or affiliated non-profits that make significant gains in closing the achievement gap.**
- **Remaining funds will be distributed to states on the basis of their student-aged population and on their total population.**
 - **These funds will be used to restore state financial support for education (elementary, secondary, and higher) to its FY 08 or FY 09 levels.**
 - **Money will be distributed through existing State formulae.**
 - **Subgrants to improve basic programs run by local education agencies**
- **Local education agencies can use this funding for any activity authorized by the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA) or the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) of for modernization, renovation, or repair, including making buildings green.**
- **Institutes of Higher Education may use funding to mitigate the rising tuition and fees for in-State students, or for modernization, renovation, or repair, including making buildings green.**